

Board Study Session March 27, 2019

Healthy Living Campus

WHAT & WHY

- ✓ **Jan. 14:** Reviewed master plan with Community Working Group (CWG)
- ✓ Jan. 23: Board study session to review master plan publicly

HOW

- **Feb. 4:** Reviewed financials/phasing with Finance Committee
- ✓ Feb. 25: Review financials/phasing with Community Working Group
- ✓ Feb. 27: Board study session to review financials/phasing

NEXT STEPS

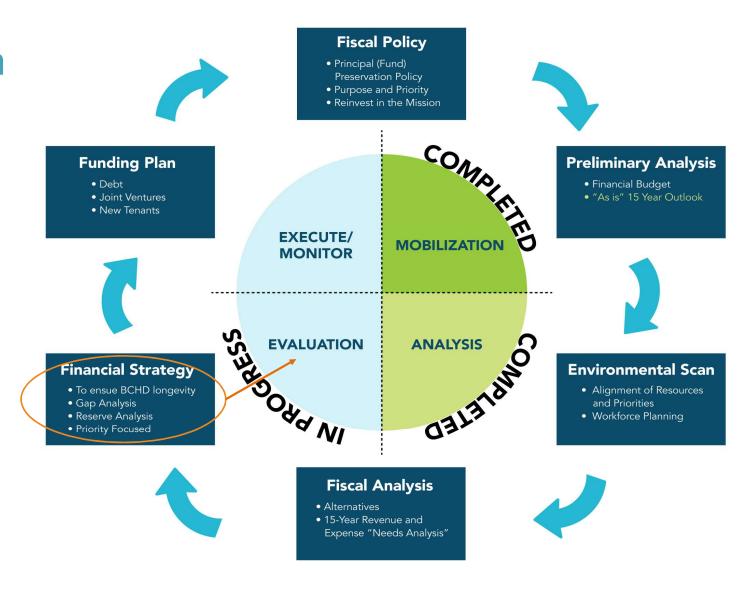
- ✓ March 11: Finance Committee meeting to review Board questions
- ✓ March 23: Community open house & input
 - March 27: March Board Study Session
 - **April 15:** Community Working Group Meeting
 - April 24: Board Meeting

Agenda:

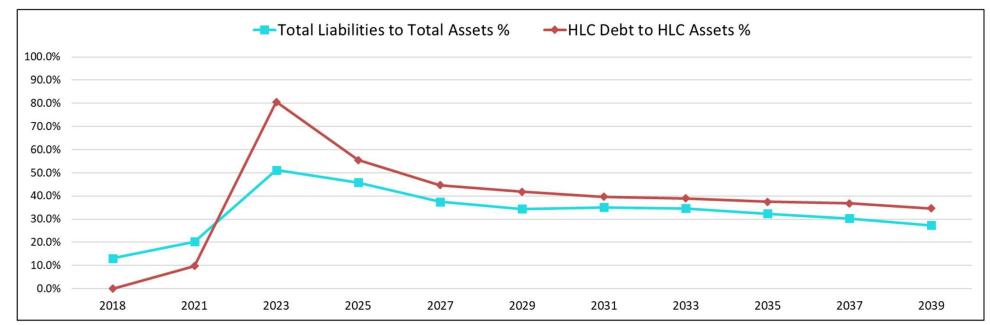
- Financial Strategy Scenarios
 - Reduce Cost Escalation Expense 510 Buy-Out
 - Reducing Non-Revenue Producing Costs
 - Ownership Scenarios
 - Phasing Options
- Open House Recap
- CEQA & EIR Overview



Long-Term Financial Planning Cycle

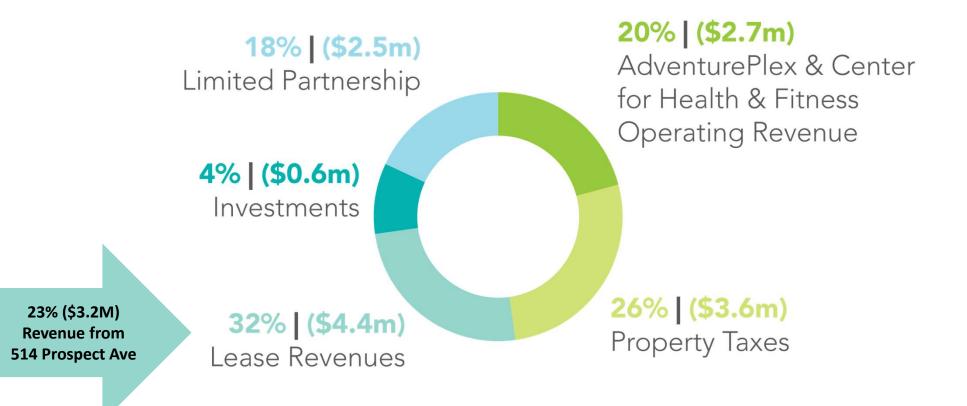


Healthy Living Campus Financial Strategy – \$537M	Timing	Debt – Millions	Equity – Millions	Gap - Capital Contribution	Trade-offs
BCHD 50% - Partner 50% - Example	5-15 Years	\$134 M	\$ 30 M	\$ 104 M	Financially feasible



Millions	2018	<u>2021</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2025</u>	<u>2027</u>	2029	<u>2031</u>	2033	<u>2035</u>	<u>2037</u>	2039
Total Assets	\$ 68.3	\$ 59.8	\$ 107.0	\$ 163.6	\$ 188.0	\$ 188.3	\$ 224.3	\$ 286.2	\$ 280.7	\$ 268.4	\$ 262.8
Total Liabilities	8.9	12.1	54.8	75.0	70.1	64.8	78.7	99.1	90.1	81.4	71.9
HLC Assets	1.8	5.8	60.0	126. 3	146.9	143.0	185.2	241.1	227.4	206.5	191.6
HLC Debt	-	4.7	48.3	70.1	65.6	59.8	73.5	93.9	85.4	76.0	66.4

Funding a Healthy Beach Community



Healthy Living Campus Project Pillars



Health

- Build a center of excellence focusing on wellness, prevention & research
- Leverage the campus to expand community health programs & services



Livability

- Focus on emerging technologies, innovation & accessibility
- Create an intergenerational hub of well-being, using Blue Zones Project principles



- Actively engage the community & pursue partnerships
- Grow a continuum of programs, services & facilities to help older adults age in their community

BCHD Assets & Strengths

- Highly valued land, assets & organization
- \$15 million in cash
- Ability to issue tax-exempt debt
- Significant market need for Residential Care for the Elderly (RCFE)
- Proven public-private partnership (P3) experience
 (\$2.3M or 17% of BCHD Funding, Ownership Evolved)



BCHD-Sunrise Ownership Evolution

1997

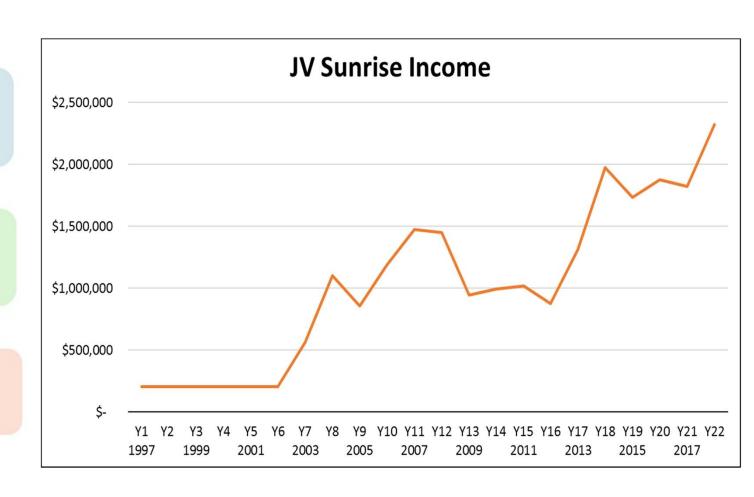
- Land Lease
- •\$17,000 / Month
- 1999 Operations Begin

2002

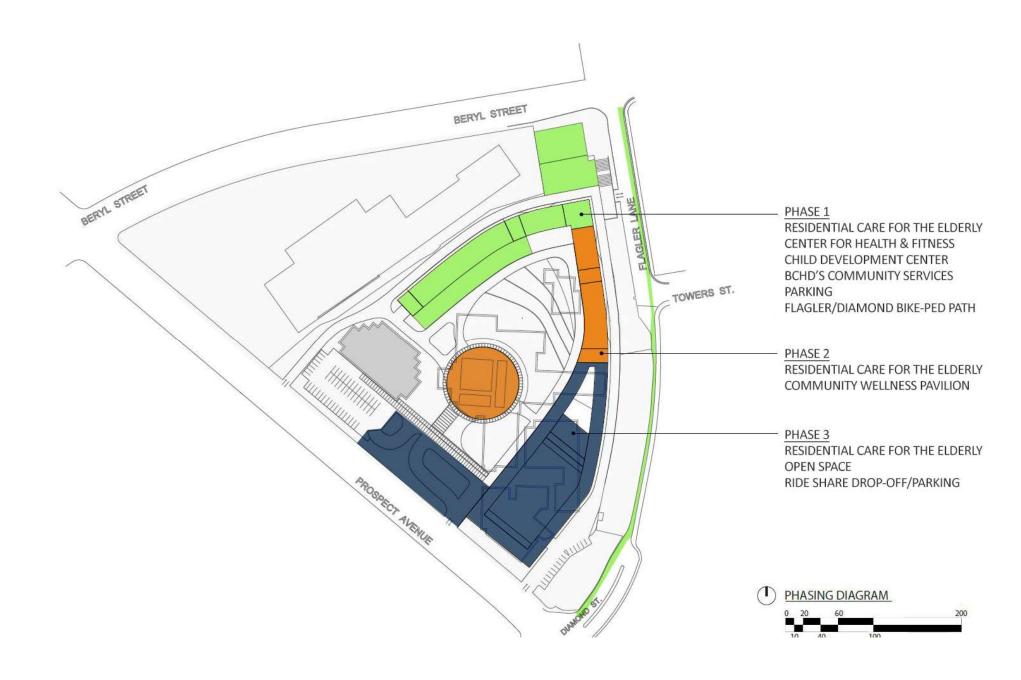
- 80% Owner
- \$4.4M Capital
- •\$9.8M Debt

2012

- •\$7.8M Debt Paid Up
- •\$14.2M Investment







Master Plan: Phases, Costs & Timeline Estimates

Phase 1

2022-2025

	Estin	nated			
Program	Costs	% of Cost			
RCFE (162 Units)	\$110M	72%			
Parking	18M	12%			
Center for Health & Fitness	15M	10%			
Child Development	10M	6%			
		100%			
\$153M					
- Plus Flagler/Diamond Bike-Ped Path \$1.8M Includes construction escalation costs of \$14M					

To	tal
2022 -	. 2035

Program	Estima Costs	ated % of Cost				
RCFE (420 Units)	\$375M	70%				
- Parking	62M	11%				
Childcare Center	10M	2%				
Revenue Generating Costs	\$447M	83%				
Center for Health & Fitness	15M	3%				
Wellness Pavilion	73M	13.7%				
Flagler/Diamond Bike-Path	1.8M	0.3%				
\$53	100%					
- Includes construction escalation costs of \$90M						

Assumptions: No 510 buy-out, no land value, no childcare revenue, includes construction escalation costs

Master Plan: Costs Estimates & Ownership Options

Healthy Living Campus Financial Strategy Examples – ESTIMATES	Timing	Revenue Debt – Millions	Equity – Millions	Gap - Capital Contribution	Trade-offs
BCHD 100% - Cost \$537M	5-15 Years	\$ 275M	\$ 54M	\$208M	Financially infeasible
Phase 1 - \$154M		\$102	\$ 17	\$ 35	
Phase 2 - \$149M		\$ 50	\$ 1	\$ 98	
Phase 3 - \$234M		\$123	\$ 36	\$ 75	
BCHD 50% - Cost \$269M	5-15 Years	\$134M	\$ 30M	\$104M	Financially manageable
Phase 1 - \$77M		\$ 48	\$ 16	\$ 13	
Phase 2 - \$75M		\$ 25	\$ 1	\$ 49	
Phase 3 - \$117M		\$ 61	\$ 14	\$ 42	

Assumptions: No 510 buy-out, no land value, no childcare revenue, includes construction escalation costs

M = Millions

Long-term Financial Strategy: How to Close Capital Contribution Gap?

Equity

Cash

Land
Buildings
BCHD Value

Debt Financing

Municipal Bonds
Private Lenders

P3

Investors
Operators
Health Partnerships

New Revenue Sources

Grants
Philanthropy
Sponsorships/Naming
New Programming
Public Funding



Long-term Financial Strategy: How to Close Capital Contribution Gap?

- 1. Consider 510 lease buy-out
 - Cost savings, reduced escalation cost: \$26.5M
 - Shortens project timeline by 5-7 years
 - Net cost reduction: \$15M
 - No impact on Gap
- 2. Reduce project scope non-revenue components
- 3. Adjust (Optimize) BCHD ownership %
- 4. Assess land & BCHD value
- 5. Explore new funding sources (new programs, grants, philanthropy, etc.)



Board Questions & Suggested Review

How to Close the Capital Contribution Gap?

- Consider 510 lease buy-out
 - a) Cost savings, reduces escalation costs, no Gap reduction
 - b) Shortens project timeline by 5-7 years
- Reduce project scope non-revenue components
 - a) Reduce Center for Health & Fitness (CHF)
 - b) Reduce one floor at the Community Wellness Pavilion
 - c) No Community Wellness Pavilion

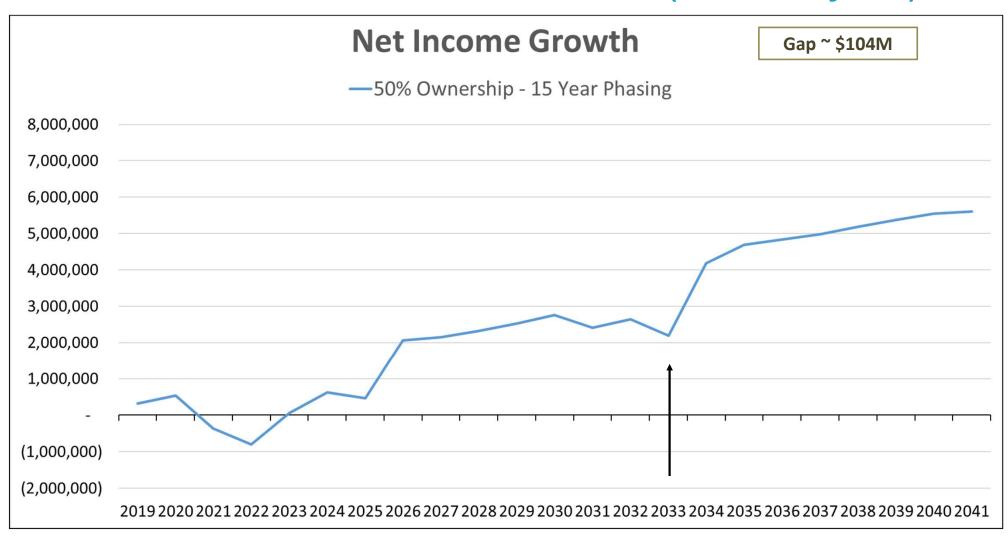
Other Questions

- RCFE Demographics
- Market Study

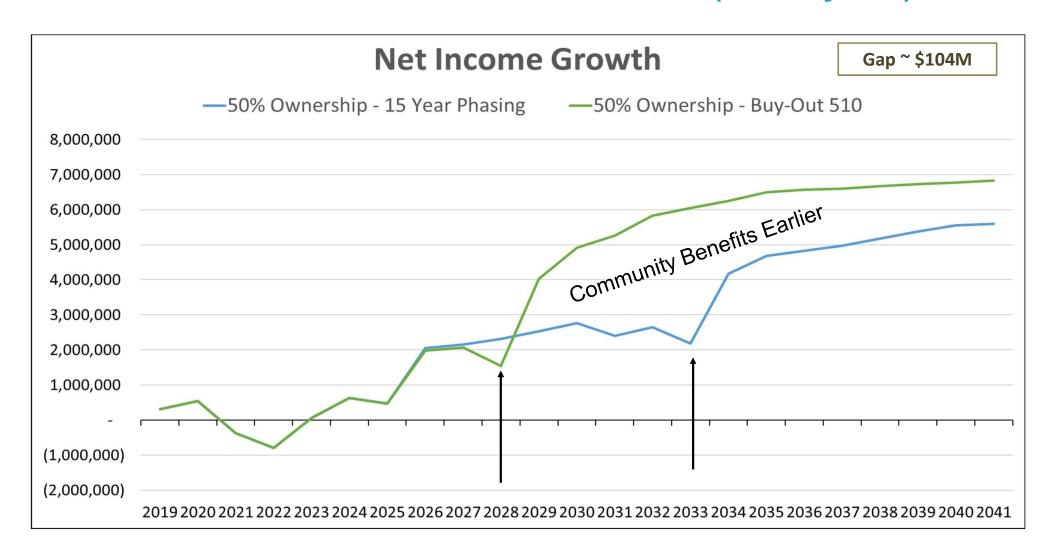


Healthy Living Campus Financial Strategy Examples – 510 Buy-Out ESTIMATES	Timing	Revenue Debt – Millions	Equity – Millions	Gap - Capital Contribution	Trade-offs
BCHD 100% - \$537M	5-15 Years	\$ 275M	\$ 54M	\$208M	Financially infeasible
BCHD 50% - \$269 M	5-15 Years	\$134M	\$ 30M	\$104M	Financially feasible/ negotiated partnerships
Phase 1 - \$77M		\$ 48	\$ 16	\$ 13	
Phase 2 - \$75M		\$ 25	\$ 1	\$ 49	
Phase 3 - \$117M		\$ 61	\$ 14	\$ 42	
BCHD 50% - \$256 M (Less cost \$26.5M x 50%, + \$11.5 x 50% Gap, Net \$15M)	5-10 Years	\$139M	\$19M	\$98M (+\$5.75M)	Gap is same Income Earlier Financially feasible
Phase 1 - \$77M		\$ 48	\$ 16	\$ 13	Same
Phase 2 - \$75M		\$ 25	\$ 1	\$ 49	Same
Phase 3 - \$104M		\$ 66	\$ 2	\$ 36 (+\$5.75M)	Can't Contribute Equity as much

How: Scenario – HLC Master Plan Vision (510 No Buy-Out)



How: Scenario – HLC Master Plan Vision (510 Buy-Out)



Reduced Project Scope: Non-revenue Components	Reduced Cost *
 Reduced Center for Health & Fitness (CHF) No warm water therapy pool CHF Mast Plan: 19,300 Sq. Ft. Reduce 7,000 Sq. Ft. 	\$4.7M
 Reduced / No Community Wellness Pavilion No demonstration kitchen and reduced meeting/research space Reduce Pavilion by 18,000 (one floor) 	\$21.9M / \$73M
Total	\$26.6M / \$77.7M
Reduce Cost Escalation: 510 Lease Buy-out	
 Escalation Costs Costs Savings Shortens project timeline by 5-7 years 	\$15M
Reduced Project Scope & 510 Lease Buy-out Total	\$41.6M / \$92.7M

^{*} Assumptions: Saving are adjusted based on Ownership level, i.e. 50% Ownership, 50% cost savings

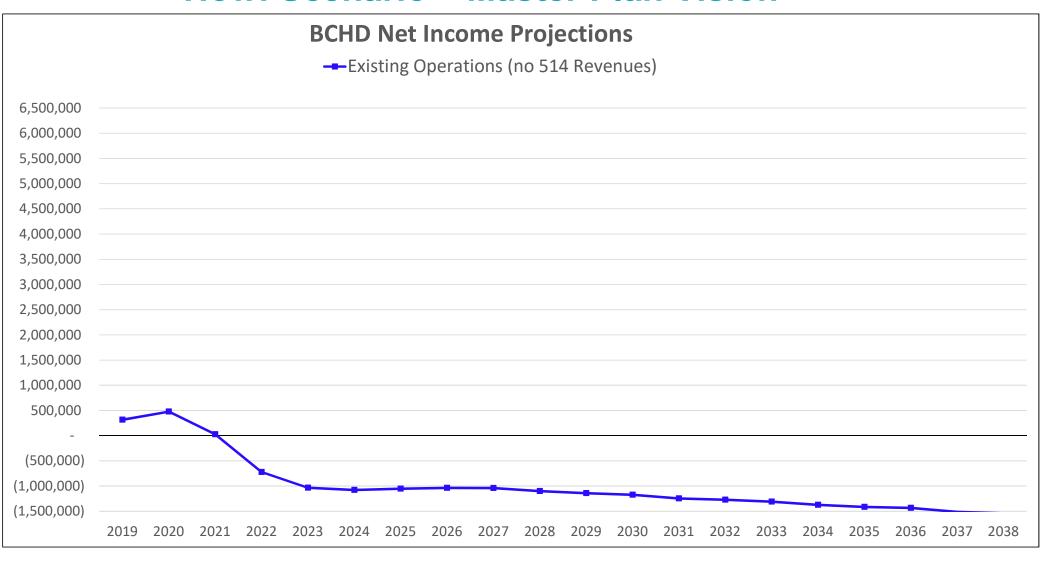
Reducing Non-Revenue Costs

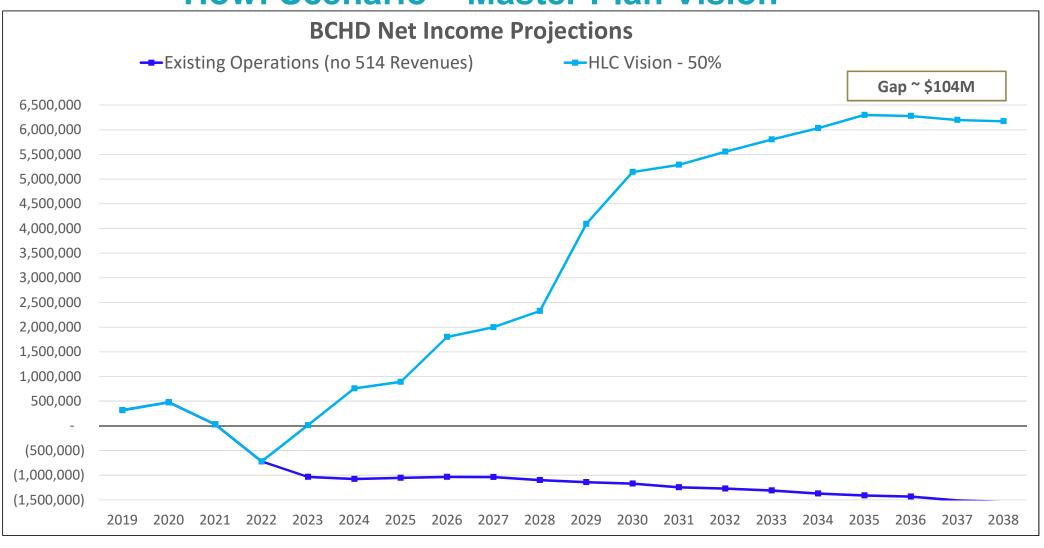
Healthy Living Campus Financial Strategy Examples – ESTIMATES TOTAL PROJECT COST - \$537M	Timing	Revenue Debt – Millions	Equity – Millions	Gap - Capital Contribution	Trade-offs
BCHD 50% - Cost \$256M (Reduced Escalation Cost)	5-10 Years	\$138M	\$ 18 M	\$104M	Financially manageable by phasing/ negotiated partnerships
Reduce Non-Revenue Cost Reduced CHF, remove one Floor of Pavilion - Adjusted Cost \$247M		\$138M	\$ 18M	\$ 91M	Less: \$13M
b) Reduced CHF, no Pavilion - Adjusted Cost \$221M		\$138M	\$ 18M	\$ 65M	Less: \$39M

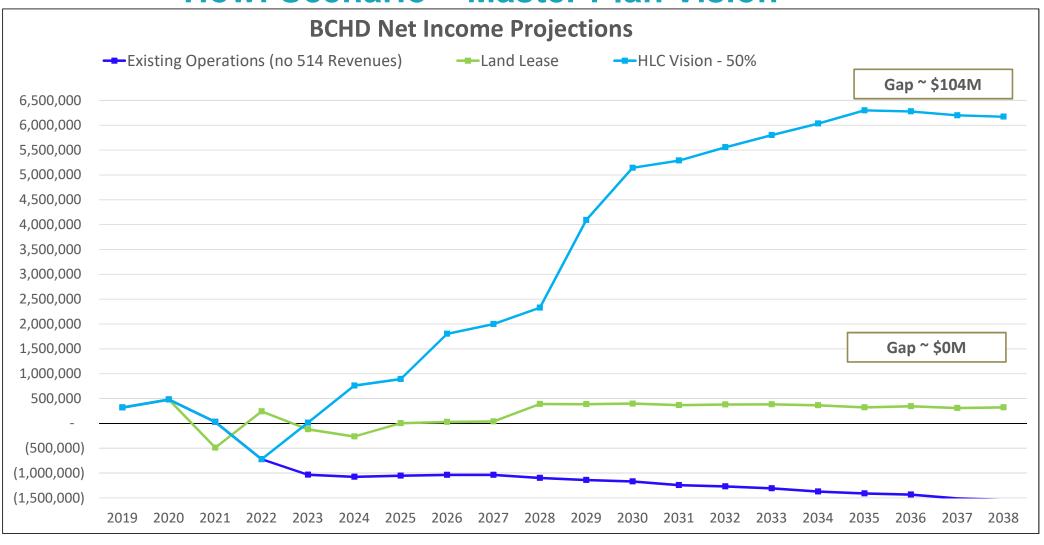
Note: Net Income remain at 50% in all scenarios based on Ownership %

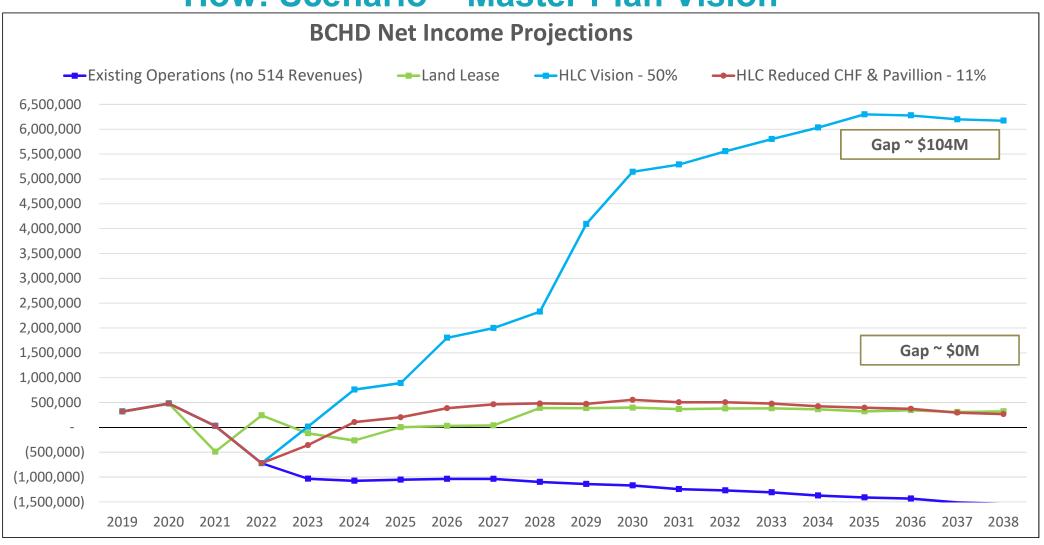
Reducing Ownership

Healthy Living Campus Financial Strategy Scenarios – ESTIMATES No New Capital Contribution	BCHD Ownership	Revenue Debt – Millions	Equity – Millions	Gap - Capital Contribution	Trade-offs
BCHD – Whole Campus Build	8.5%	\$ 27 M	\$ 17 M	\$ 0 M	 Little Control Minor Incremental Income No expansion of Services
BCHD – Reduced CHF, One Floor	9.5%	\$ 30 M	\$ 17 M	\$ 0 M	
BCHD – Reduced CHF, No Pavilion	11.0%	\$ 32 M	\$ 17 M	\$ 0 M	









- · Residential Care Options
- · Community Wellness Pavilion
- Reduced Traffic Impacts
- 5.8 Ares of Green Space
- · Medical Exercise Facility
- · Warm Water Therapy Pool
- · Child Development Center
- Bike & Pedestrian Path
- Medical Offices & Pharmacy

Health Living Campus Master Plan Benefits

- · Childhood Obesity Prevention
- Senior Care Management
- · Geriatric Social Workers
- · Beach Cities Partnership for Youth
- Dementia Research & Education
- Blue Zones Project
- Volunteer Services
- · Subsidized Community Facilities
- \$1.4M in Annual Health Funding
- Healthcare Enrollment & Referrals

Current 40+ BCHD Programs

- Research & Development
- Mental Health & Happiness
- Medical Fitness Therapy
- Food Literacy & Nutrition
- · Older Adult Day Care
- · Care Management
- Substance Use Prevention

Services

Beach Cities





130,000 Residents

Community Organizations







Community Partners

Creating a Healthy Beach Community

\$0 Expanded

Capital Contribution



Health Living Campus Benefits

Financial Strategy Scenarios: Take-Aways

Supported by Finance Committee

- 510 Buy-Out
 - No impact to Gap; income sooner, debt sooner
- Reducing Non-Revenue Producing Costs
 - Gap still exists Lose Master Plan vision
- Ownership Adjustment
 - Removing Gap
 - Reduced ownership
 - Essentially land lease partner (510, 520)



Residential Care for the Elderly

Average Demographics of Residents

- Women age 85+ who require assistance with two activities of daily living (bathing, dressing, grooming, eating, transferring, and using the toilet)
- Most residents stay for 3+ years and move into assisted living from their own homes
- 63% are widowed
- 52% of the national assisted living population has dementia
- Other health conditions include heart disease, macular degeneration, arthritis and COPD



Implementation



Explore funding strategies and partnerships



July 2019 **Sept.** 2019 **Apr.** 2019 June Aug. Oct. Nov. Feb. May Dec. Jan. Mar. 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019

Begin Environmental Impact Review Process





Environmental Impact Review Process

Implementation Strategy: Costs & Benefits

Phase 1 Costs

2022-2025

Program	Estimated Cost	% of Cost
RCFE (162 Units)	\$110M	72%
Parking	\$18M	12%
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\$153M

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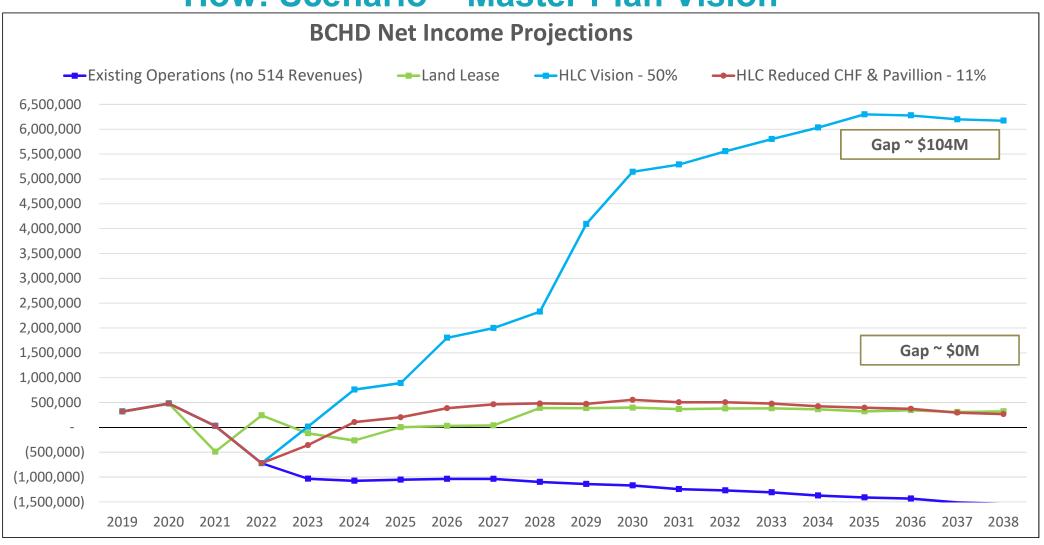
Phase 1 Benefits

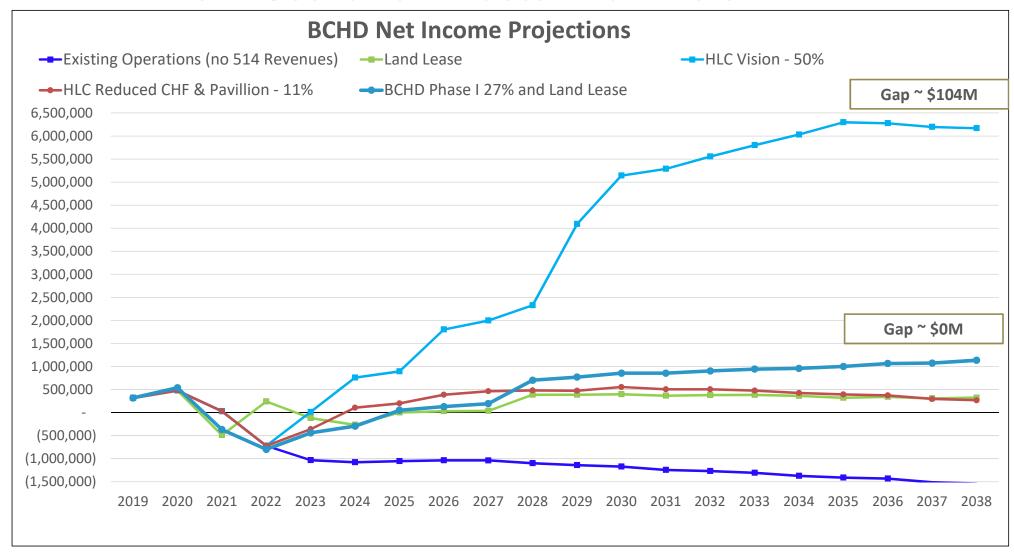
2022-2025

Assumptions: +/- 25% Ownership (estimated) & \$15M

- Eliminate 514 seismic risk
- Replaces 514 revenue stream
- Residential Care for the Elderly (includes dementia) – ability to age in place
- Expanded and improved Center for Health & Fitness w/therapy pool
- Enhanced intergenerational programs Child Development Center

Assumptions: No land value, no childcare revenue, includes construction escalation costs





	Health Living Campus: Project Pillars	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3
Health	Build a center of excellence focusing on wellness, prevention & research			
Ď	Leverage the campus to expand community health programs & services			
Livability	Focus on emerging technologies, innovation & accessibility			
	Create an intergenerational hub of well-being, using Blue Zones Project principles			
Community	Actively engage the community & pursue partnerships			
	Grow a continuum of programs, services & facilities to help older adults age in their community			

Recommendations

- Adopt 15-Year Concept Master Plan in April
- Initiate EIR Process for Concept Master Plan in April
- Consider 3-Phased Implementation Plan
 - Review potential partners for all phases
 - Optimize Ownership, BCHD, CHF and Land Value
 - Phase 1: Phase 2 & 3:
 - Approximately 25% Ownership
 - No Gap

- Evaluate options and new revenue
 - sources
- Evaluate 510 Buy-out and Strategic Innovation Opportunities
- Evaluate Community Working Group Feedback on affordability, services and partners
- Update Construction Costs



Healthy Living Campus

March 23 Open House Summary



Open House Overview

139 Attendees

• Redondo Beach: 78

Manhattan Beach: 14

Hermosa Beach: 7

• Torrance: 7

• Other: 7



- Information stations with activities & information
 - BCHD programs and services
 - Healthy Living Campus project
- Walking tour of campus



BCHD Information Stations

- About BCHD
 - Program Materials
 - Resources & Referrals
- Youth Services
 - Gardening activity
 - Blender bike
- Volunteer Services
 - Purpose activity
- Blue Zones Project
 - Moai activity
 - Pledge sign-up

- Blue Zones Food Demo & Tastings
 - Blue Zones restaurant information
 - Food samples
- Center for Health & Fitness
 - Free massage & class demos
 - Gym info
- AdventurePlex
 - Inflatable slide
 - Facility information



Open House Activities













Healthy Living Campus Information Stations

- Purpose and Need
- Healthy Living Campus Master Plan
- Community Wellness Pavilion & RCFE
- Comments & Mailing List Sign-Up
- Walking Tour





Frequently Asked Questions

- Timeline
 - When are you breaking ground?
 - When will the project be finished?
- Parking/Traffic Flow
 - Where will parking be located?
 - Where will people park during construction?
 - Where will the entrances to campus be located?
- Residential Care for the Elderly
 - How much will the units cost?
 - Will the units be assisted living only?
 - Will Silverado be included in the new campus?







What is CEQA?

California Environmental Quality Act



- Statewide statute passed in 1970
 - Requires state and local agencies within California to:
 - Analyze and disclose environmental impacts of proposed projects
 - Adopt all feasible measures to mitigate those impacts
 - Establishes requirements for environmental analysis through an EIR



What is an EIR?

- Environmental Impact Report
- Required by CEQA law
- Detailed report that:
 - Describes and analyzes the significant environmental effects of a proposed project
 - Identifies alternatives
 - Discusses ways to reduce or avoid any adverse environmental effects





What does the EIR contain?

EIR's analyze a broad range of environmental topics such as:

- Aesthetics/Visual Resources
- Agricultural Resources
- Air Quality/GHG
- Biological Resources
- Cultural Resources
- Geology & Soils
- Hazards

- Hydrology & Water Quality
- Land Use & Planning
- Mineral Resources
- Noise & Vibration
- Population & Housing
- Public Services
- Recreation

- Transportation
- Utilities & Service Systems
- Energy
- Social Justice
- Wildfire



Steps in the EIR Analysis



Describe current environmental conditions (baseline)



Identify potential effects of the project



If there is a significant effect, develop measures to avoid or lessen the effect





Basis of EIR Analysis

- Analysis is based on facts; not speculation
- Addresses long-term adverse physical changes to the environment, focusing on public resources
- Assessment of impacts is based on established criteria





EIR Process

Typically +/- 9 months















Scoping

Begin EIR Preparation Release Draft EIR Public Review of Draft EIR -45 Days Respond to comments on Draft EIR

Prepare Final EIR

Certify Final EIR is Complete

• Notice of Preparation

• Public Hearing



BCHD Board Direction to Proceed

- Develop project description for EIR analysis
- Assemble baseline status of the site
- Return in April to initiate the EIR process

